

Tables & Figures

Table 1. Morphological and agronomic traits, their genotypic (σ_g^2) and genotype x environment interaction (σ_{ge}^2) variances and heritabilities (h^2) observed for 58 flint and dent maize lines in four or six environments in South Germany.

| Trait | code | UPOV code | Test sites | σ_g^2 | σ_{ge}^2 | $h^{2\dagger}$ |
|--|------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| <i>Ear</i> | | | | | | |
| diameter (mm) | EDI | 27 | 6 | 9.28** | 0.47** | 96.2 |
| number of kernels | NKE | -/- | 6 | 3108** | 558** | 88.6 |
| type of grain (1-9 scale) | TGR | 30 | 4 | 2.04** | 0.09** | 97.4 |
| anthocyanin coloration (col.) of glumes of cob | AGC | 34 | 4 | 4.48** | 0.05* | 98.4 |
| anthocyanin col. of silks (1-9 scale) | ACS | 17 | 4 | 1.27** | 0.22** | 87.7 |
| color of dorsal side of grain (1-9 scale) | CDG | 32 | 4 | 0.37** | 0.02 | 86.6 |
| color of tip of grain (1-9 scale) | CTG | 31 | 4 | 1.13** | 0.03** | 96.5 |
| length (mm) | ELG | 26 | 6 | 188.9** | 39.9** | 92.6 |
| number of rows of grain | NGR | 29 | 6 | 1.19** | 0.14** | 92.8 |
| days to silk emergence | TSE | 15 | 4 | 33.1** | 3.45** | 96.4 |
| <i>Kernels</i> | | | | | | |
| thousand kernel weight (g) | TKW | -/- | 6 | 1059** | 168** | 95.4 |
| grain yield (Mg*ha ⁻¹) | GYD | -/- | 6 | 107.9** | 39.2** | 79.4 |
| grain yield of 4 hand harvested ears (g) | GYE | -/- | 6 | 3.72** | 0.47** | 90.4 |
| <i>Leaf</i> | | | | | | |
| angle between blade and stem (1-9 scale) | LAN | 4 | 4 | 1.04** | 0.21** | 88.4 |
| attitude of blade (1-9 scale) | LAT | 3 | 4 | 0.72** | 0.02 | 90.1 |
| width of blade (mm) | WBL | 24 | 4 | 0.44** | 0.11** | 81.3 |
| <i>Plant</i> | | | | | | |
| ear height (cm) | EHT | -/- | 4 | 164.8** | 29.0** | 95.4 |
| length (cm) | PLG | 22 | 6 | 484.0** | 51.3** | 94.7 |
| <i>Tassel</i> | | | | | | |
| anthocyanin col. of base of glume (1-9) | ABG | 8 | 4 | 2.90** | 0.15** | 94.7 |
| anthocyanin col. of glume excluding base (1-9) | AEB | 9 | 4 | 1.41** | 0.19** | 88.9 |
| length of side branches (br.)(cm) | LSB | 21 | 4 | 3.90** | 1.19** | 86.6 |
| angle between main axis and lateral br. (1-9) | TAN | 12 | 4 | 1.67** | 0.25** | 88.7 |
| anthocyanin col. of anthers (1-9) | AAH | 10 | 4 | 1.18** | 0.35** | 85.0 |
| attitude of lateral branches (1-9) | ALB | 13 | 4 | 1.59** | 0.59** | 80.6 |
| length of main axis above lowest side br. (cm) | TLL | 19 | 4 | 8.16** | 2.73** | 84.7 |
| length of main axis above upper side br. (cm) | TLU | 20 | 4 | 12.5** | 0.44** | 83.2 |
| number of primary lateral branches | NLB | 14 | 4 | 1.23** | 0.18** | 91.2 |
| days to anthesis | TAH | 7 | 4 | 21.7** | 1.42** | 96.7 |

$^{\dagger}h^2$ = heritability on an entry-mean basis for line *per se* performance pooled across flint and dent lines

Table 2. Estimates of mean, range, genotypic (σ_g^2) and genotype x environment interaction (σ_{ge}^2) variances, heritability (h^2_{MPH}) of mid-parent heterosis (MPH) observed for different morphological and agronomic traits of 114 flint and dent hybrids and their parental lines tested in four or six environments in South Germany as well as correlations (r) of MPH with coancestry ($1-f$), genetic distance based on 100 SSRs (GD_{SSR}) or 20 AFLP primer combinations (GD_{AFLP}), Euclidean (MD_{EUC}) or Mahalanobis (MD_{MAH}) morphological distances.

| Trait [†] | MPH | | | σ_g^2 | σ_{ge}^2 | $h^2_{MPH}^\ddagger$ | r | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-------|------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | Mean | Min. | Max. | | | | $1-f$ | GD_{SSR} | GD_{AFLP} | MD_{EUC} | MD_{MAH} |
| EDI | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.18 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | 91.3 | 0.68** | 0.78** | 0.76** | 0.65** | 0.55** |
| NKE | 0.59 | 0.03 | 1.34 | 0.070** | 0.012** | 96.3 | 0.76** | 0.86** | 0.87** | 0.69** | 0.60** |
| ELG | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.53 | 0.010** | < 0.001 | 96.9 | 0.78** | 0.85** | 0.89** | 0.68** | 0.63** |
| NGR | 0.06 | -0.02 | 0.16 | 0.010** | 0.001** | 73.2 | 0.38** | 0.56** | 0.50** | 0.43** | 0.39** |
| TSE | -0.06 | -0.17 | 0.03 | 0.001** | 0.001** | 65.9 | -0.70** | -0.66** | -0.70** | -0.58** | -0.51** |
| TKW | 0.10 | -0.04 | 0.42 | 0.004** | 0.002** | 90.1 | 0.66** | 0.71** | 0.76** | 0.55** | 0.53** |
| GYD | 0.79 | 0.14 | 2.14 | 0.150** | 0.054** | 92.1 | 0.73** | 0.84** | 0.86** | 0.72** | 0.61** |
| GYE | 0.75 | 0.06 | 1.84 | 0.130** | 0.021** | 96.9 | 0.80** | 0.90** | 0.92** | 0.66** | 0.63** |
| EHT | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0.63 | 0.010** | 0.005** | 83.8 | 0.75** | 0.78** | 0.80** | 0.58** | 0.57** |
| PLG | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.36 | 0.010** | 0.001** | 95.2 | 0.75** | 0.85** | 0.87** | 0.63** | 0.55** |
| TAH | -0.05 | -0.17 | 0.04 | < 0.001 | < 0.001 | 72.1 | -0.59** | -0.76** | -0.74** | -0.49** | -0.42** |

*, ** Significant at the 0.05 or 0.01 probability level, respectively

[†] For abbreviations, see Table 1.

[‡] h^2_{MPH} = heritability on a triplet-mean basis for mid-parent heterosis pooled across flint and dent lines.

Table 3. Simple correlations between coancestry coefficient ($1-f$), genetic distances based on 100 SSRs (GD_{SSR}) and 20 AFLP primer combinations (GD_{AFLP}) as well as Euclidean (MD_{EUC}) and Mahalanobis (MD_{MAH}) morphological distances based on 25 traits (see Table 1) for 24 flint (below diagonal) and 34 dent inbreds (above diagonal).

| | $1-f$ | GD_{SSR} | GD_{AFLP} | MD_{EUC} | MD_{MAH} |
|-------------|--------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| $1-f$ | | 0.75** | 0.85** | 0.58** | 0.31** |
| GD_{SSR} | 0.88** | | 0.92** | 0.57** | 0.40** |
| GD_{AFLP} | 0.88** | 0.97** | | 0.68** | 0.40** |
| MD_{EUC} | 0.55** | 0.65** | 0.65** | | 0.62** |
| MD_{MAH} | 0.44** | 0.49** | 0.59** | 0.76** | |

** Significant at the 0.01 probability level.

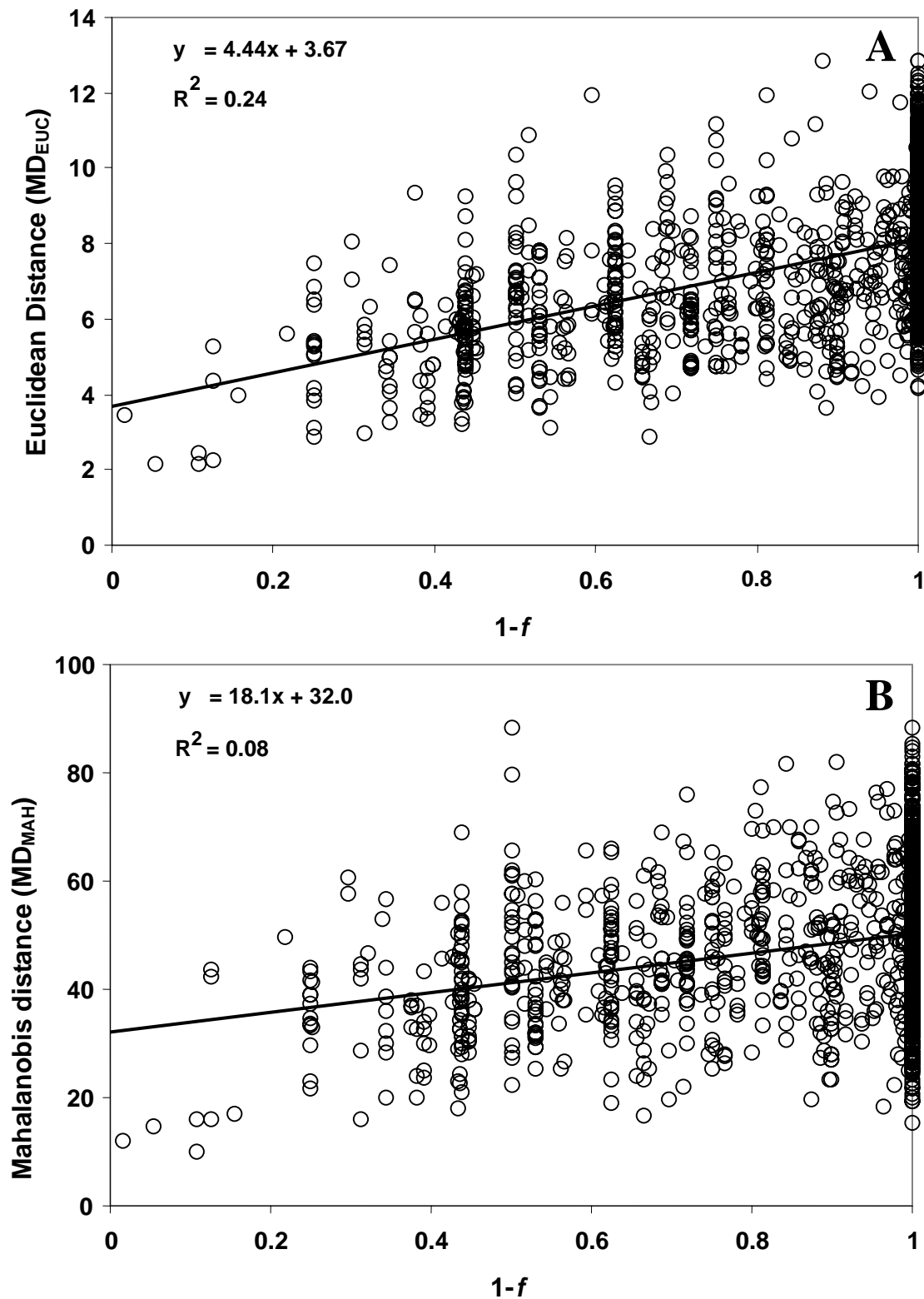


Figure 1. Relationship of the coancestry coefficient (f) with (A) Euclidean (MD_{EUC}) and (B) Mahalanobis (MD_{MAH}) distances based on 25 morphological traits observed for 1767 pairwise comparisons of maize inbred lines.

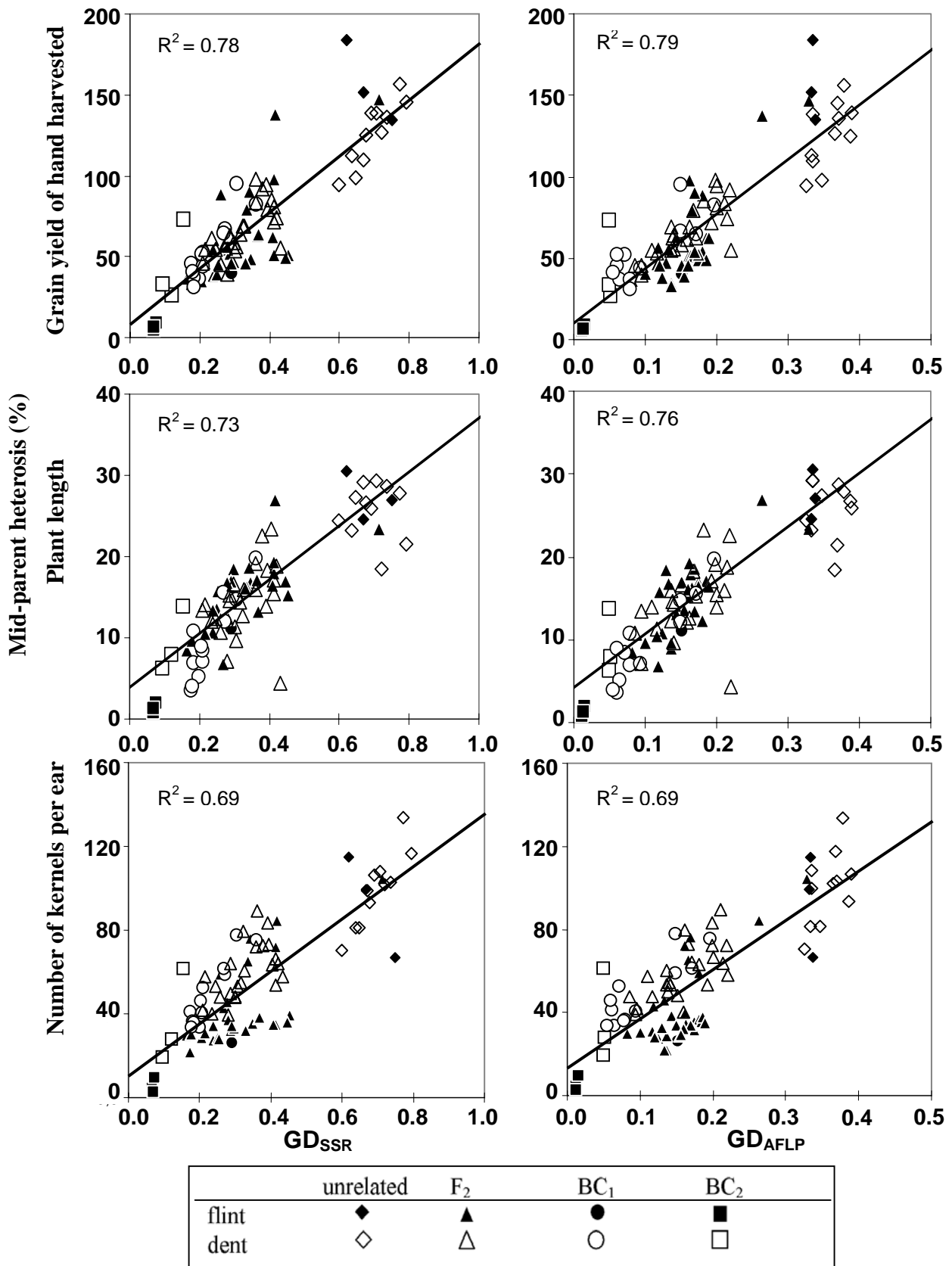


Figure 2. Relationship of genetic distances based on 100 SSRs (GD_{SSR}) or 20 AFLP primer combinations (GD_{AFLP}) with mid-parent heterosis (in %) of 84 intra-pool hybrids with given pedigree relationships of their parental maize lines.

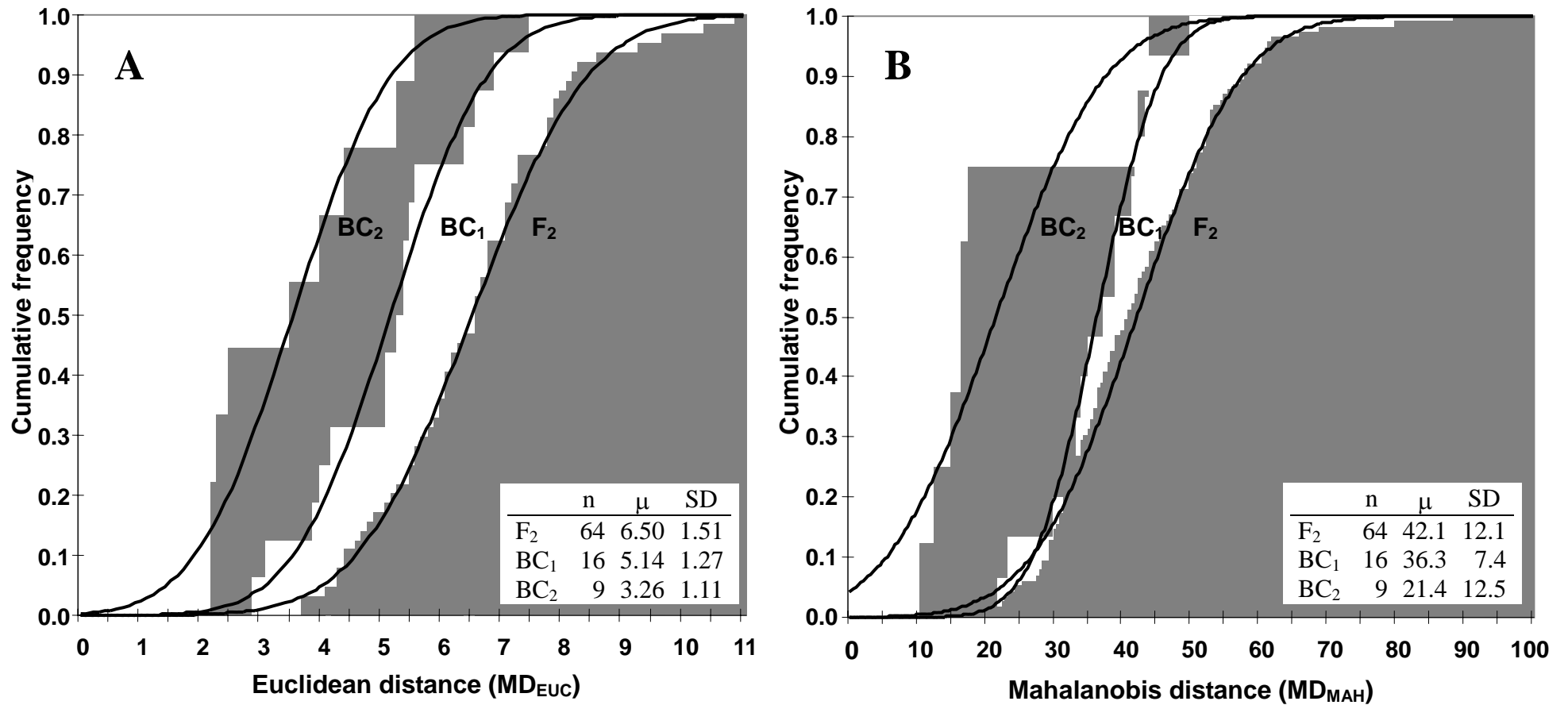


Figure 3. Cumulative histograms (columns) and approximated normal distributions (curves) for (A) Euclidean (MD_{EUC}) or (B) Mahalanobis (MD_{MAH}) morphological distances based on 25 morphological traits for F₂-, BC₁-, and BC₂-derived progeny lines. Variables n, μ , and SD refer to the number of values, the mean, and the standard deviation of MD values for the particular distribution, respectively.

Table 4. Evaluation of different scenarios for thresholds T based on morphological distances, heterosis, and genetic distances based on SSRs and AFLPs.

| Parameter | F_2 vs. BC_1 | | | | BC_1 vs. BC_2 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| | $\alpha=0.05$ | | $\alpha=\beta$ | | $\alpha=0.05$ | | $\alpha=\beta$ | |
| | T | $1-\beta$ | T | $\alpha = \beta$ | T | $1-\beta$ | T | $\alpha = \beta$ |
| <u>Morphological distances</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Euclidean (MD_{EUC}) | 4.0 | 0.18 | 5.8 | 0.32 | 3.1 | 0.40 | 4.1 | 0.21 |
| Mahalanobis (MD_{MAH}) | 22.5 | 0.03 | 38.5 | 0.39 | 24.5 | 0.60 | 31.0 | 0.28 |
| <u>Heterosis</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Grain yield (GYE) | 0.24 | 0.05 | 0.58 | 0.39 | 0.24 | 0.47 | 0.41 | 0.25 |
| Plant length (PLG) | 0.08 | 0.29 | 0.13 | 0.31 | 0.03 | 0.30 | 0.08 | 0.29 |
| Number of kernels per ear (NKE) | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.22 | 0.52 | 0.36 | 0.24 |
| Cumulative [†] | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.29 | 0.38 | 0.13 | 0.49 | 0.21 | 0.25 |
| <u>Genetic distances</u> | | | | | | | | |
| 100 SSRs (GD_{SSR}) | 0.21 | 0.68 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.38 | 0.12 | 0.18 |
| 20 AFLP PCs (GD_{AFLP}) | 0.12 | 0.65 | 0.14 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 0.37 | 0.05 | 0.10 |

[†]Average relative heterosis of five traits (GYE, ELG, NKE, PLG, EHT) showing highest correlation with $1-f$; for abbreviations, see Table 1.